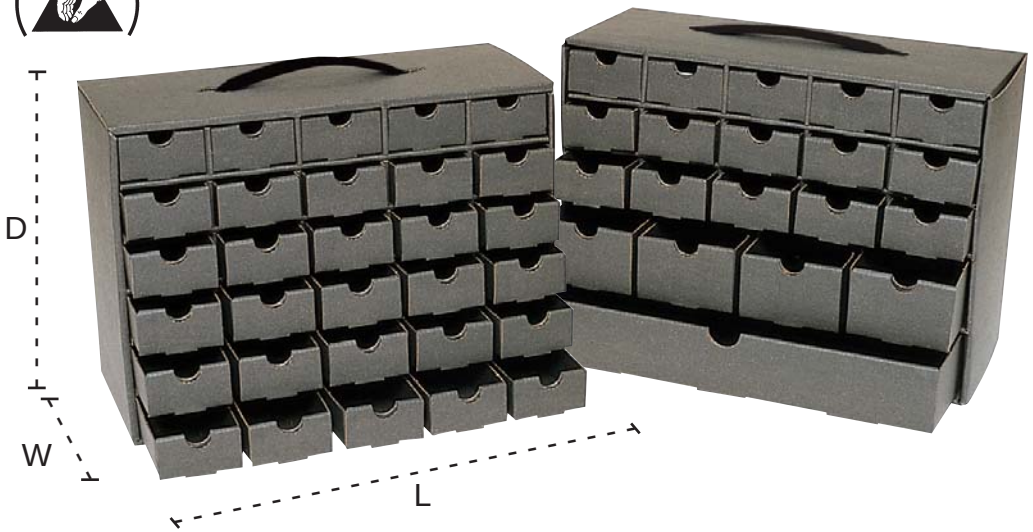

Features

- Multi-sized drawers are designed for segregating ESD sensitive components
- Used for kitting or storing items at the workstation
- When drawers are closed, items are shielded by “Faraday Cage” effect, restricting electrostatic charges to exterior
- Containers include conductive plastic handles
- No assembly required
- Labels for drawers are included
- Made from 100% recycled material, and is 100% recyclable
- Made in America

Item No.	Size O.D. - L x W x D (mm)
37770	335 X 152 X 254, 30 Drawers: all small
37771	335 X 152 X 254, 20 Drawers: 15 small, 4 medium, 1 large

RoHS Compliance Statement
None of the following materials are intentionally added in manufacturing this product: lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) or polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) as outlined in the Directive 2002/95/EC Article 4.1. See Protektive Pak Inc. letter on-line at ProtektivePak.com.

Drawer Sizes (mm)
Small - 137 x 57 x 32
Medium - 137 x 73 x 51
Large - 137 x 327 x 51

PROPERTIES	TYPICAL VALUES	TEST PROCEDURES/METHOD
Surface Resistance	10E6 - 10E8 ohms	ANSI/ESD S4.1
High-Voltage Discharge Resistance	Failure rate 0/5 (no oxide damage in five consecutive tests)	Rockwell International Test Report of December 20, 1991
Static Shielding	99.9% attenuation at 10kV; 99.6% attenuation at 30kV	EIA 541, appendix E, capacitive probe test
Corrosivity	Contains 1-3 ppm reducible sulfur	FED-STD-101, Method 3005 for reducible sulfur
Antistat Transfer	No transfer	Rockwell International Test Report of January 8, 1992
Sloughing Test	Negligible surface damage at 10 cycles and <5% of surface damage at 200 cycles in Taber Abrasion Test.	ASTM D4060 at 70 rpm with CS-17 abrasive-coated wheels and 1000 grams load
	No conductive particles abrased from surface	Rockwell International Test Report of January 8, 1992
Recyclability	Complete recyclability of package	Rockwell International Test Report of January 8, 1992
Biodegradability	Biodegradation in or on moist soil	

Made in America

“It should be understood that any object, item, material or person could be a source of static electricity in the work environment. Removal of unnecessary nonconductors, replacing nonconductive materials with dissipative or conductive materials and grounding all conductors are the principle methods of controlling static electricity in the workplace, regardless of the activity.” (ESD Handbook ESD TR20.20 section 2.4 Sources of Static Electricity)

TEK CABINETS

PROTEKTIVE PAK
BURIED SHIELDING LAYER

PROTEKTIVE PAK
13520 MONTE VISTA AVENUE, CHINO, CA 91710
PHONE (909) 627-2578, FAX (909) 363-7331
ProtektivePak.com

DRAWING NUMBER
37770.E

DATE:
April
2008